THE FRESNO WEEKLY EXPOSITOR.

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—BY—

PETERS & CO.

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CONTENTMENT.

BY EUGENE H. MUNDAY.

Ambition, on a tristful day,
Crossed the valley where I lay,
And, at his nod, Fame's hill I trod,
And called my nymph to follow;
But, when Contentment saw my guide,
She cast her sedgy crown aside—
Her russet mantle, streaming wide—
And left me, for the hollow.

When she fled across the plain,
Bright Hygeia in her train,
Ambition said—The low-born maid
Has only gone to borrow
The laurel wreath Apollo twines,
A girdle from Potosian mines,
And fruit from rich Burgundian vines—
She'll come, in state, to-morrow!

As I struggled with my guide,
On the gorged mountain-side,
My pulses sank, my sinews shrank,
And froze my very marrow:
For there the ravened bodies lay
Of poets stricken by the way;
While voices, sad as snow in May,
My very soul did harrow.

Fame, they moaned, her laurel leaves
Only with the cypress weaves;
Myrtle crowns are only given
When the brain and heart are riven;
Bacchus gives a present joy
That Silenus may destroy;
And the earthworm wins his gold
Only when his soul grows cold.

Beauty scorns my yearning throes;
Falsely bright the goblet glows—
For in the lees the shadows freeze
A crystal form of sorrow;
Wealth scowls behind his gilded mask,
And Honor mocks my labored task;
When will Contentment come? I ask;
Hope whispers me—To-morrow!

THE HOUSE ON THE MOOR.

There was a tumble-down, deserted look about the entire premises. Taken altogether, it was the last place a weary and hungry traveler would have stopped at; but the night was coming on, and the sky threatened a severe storm; so there was no choice. Riding directly up to the door, I dismounted and entered without ceremony. If the surroundings were uninviting and dismal, how much more so was all within.

An old woman sat in a broken chair on one side of the fireplace; another of about half her age, probably thirty-five, was seated in the other corner; and two children, a girl about twelve, and a boy about ten years of age, were huddled together on the floor, close to her who was evidently their mother, all wearing a pinched and squalid look, and a terrified air, as if in mortal fear.

"Can I stay here to-night?" I asked.

"Yes, yes, I fancy so," was the hesitating answer of the younger woman, after looking first at me, and then at the old one.

"Yes, I fancy so. But there is a house three miles further on where you'd be better off."

"Three miles! The storm would catch me before I got half the distance. Hark! you can hear the rain on the roof now."

"I know'd it was going to be a terrible night, for—"

Here she stopped suddenly, and in apparent confusion.

"Would your little boy be kind enough to show me where to put my horse? I would not like to leave him out in the rain."

"Go, Willie, and show the stranger,"

"I dursent," was the reply; and the child crept still more closely to his mother and hid his face in her skirt.

"If you will direct me, I will wait on myself."

"There is the stable, such as it is," she answered, pointing to the shed I had already noticed; "and, if you look about, you will find some hay and corn. I would go with you myself but—

And again she stopped in confusion.

"There is no need of it," I replied.

That there was some mystery connected with the family I was certain. The restrained, terrified manner of all in the house, and the expression of the little boy was enough to have convinced any one of that. Determind to be on the watch, I returned, and gladly accepted an invitation to supper, which had been prepared.

"I thought you'd be hungry, sir," said the mother."

"Yes, a long ride over your moors makes one so."

"We havn't much to offer you. But you're welcome to it, such as it is."

The frugal meal of bacon, eggs, and brown bread, was soon finished; and I took my place in the circle gathered about the hearth-stone, and tried to induce conversation. All my attempts, however, were futile. A very short answer was all I could gain; and, as one and all were constantly looking around as for the coming of some one whom they expected, yet dreaded, I could not refrain from asking, "Are you looking for company to-night?"

"No, no, but—"

Still the same confusion, and sudden breaking off.

"Perhaps your husband is—"

"No—oh!" and she shuddered terribly.

"If there is any one you fear," I continued, "I will protect you." And I displayed my pistol rather ostentatiously.

"It isn't no mortal," mumbled the old grandmother, speaking for the first time.

"It isn't no mortal; it's spirits."

"Spirits? Pshaw! you are not afraid of spirits?"

"Maybe you don't know nothing about them, sir."

I had to confess not only my ignorance but disbelief, and was attempting to prove logically that such things could not exist, when the storm, that had been long gathering, burst in fury, shaking the house to the very foundation.

"There! I told you so," whispered the old woman. "I knew he was coming."

"He? Who is he?

I was going to ask again for the father of the children; but the pleading look of the old woman restrained me. I could not believe her guilty of any crime, and so waited for further developments. And come they did with a vengeance.

First, the rocking, jarring of the house was renewed, although the storm had lulled for a moment; then a dog appeared to howl directly under the window; then the shutters were slammed, and the doors opened and shut violently. Then there was a hollow, mocking laugh in the chimney, and then a thumping directly beneath my chair, as if some one was pounding with a huge sledge.

"Don't sit there, sir; for heaven's sake, dont!" gasped the poor mother, drawing herself and the children away.

"Why not?"

"It is always on that spot."

"Is there a cellar under the house?"

"No."

I could not understand this. I would have sworn that I had heard a dog, and that the knocking was beneath the floor. But even while I was thinking of it, my chair was shaken so violently that I could hardly keep my seat, hold on as I would Then pleadings as if for mercy, and shrieks and groans, followed each other in quick succession; and, brave as I supposed myself to be, my nerves began to tremble and a cold sweat began to start out upon my forehead. In vain I tried to reason, that it could not be from supernatural causes; that the spirits of the departed are not allowed to revisit the earth. There were the effects, whatever the cause' and they were entirely beyond my comprehension.

"Was there ever a murder," I was about to ask, "committed in this house?" when I was interrupted by the screaming of the younger woman.

"Murder! Oh, heaven! have mercy upon me!"

At the same instant the light that stood upon the table was extinguished, though no one was near it; and the house shook, and the rappings were renewed with tenfold violence. Evidently, I thought, I had touched the key-note of the mystery, when I heard a terrible groan, and saw, or thought I saw, (which was it?) a form rise through the floor, and stand directly in front of me.

"Was there ever a murder committed in this house?" I asked again; though I fairly shuddered at the trembling and unnatural sound of my voice.

"Murder! Look—there he stands!" replied the mother, prostrating herself upon the floor and hiding her face.

"It's his spirit," groaned the old woman "I told you he'd come."

Proof positive this to my mind that I was not mistaken—that others saw as I did. Spirit or mortal, there was somebody there. I closed my eyes to be certain that it was not an optical delusion, and when I removed my hands and opened them again, it still stood there.

It was the form of an old man, with long gray hair, strongly marked features, deep set eyes, of pecularly cunning expression—fox-like would be the most proper term; and in one hand he held a paper that rattled as if blown about by a strong wind. His head was uncovered, and his neck bare, and both were hacked and bleeding, great drops trickling down and falling with a spatter upon the floor. Once or twice he opened his mouth as if to speak; but there was only a horrible gurgling sound—that which we call the death-rattle. How long we retained our relative positions I cannot tell. To me it seemed an age. Stir I could not. I was completely under the power of the terrible fascination. At length, however, the ghost, spirit, call it what you will, appeared to step toward me, and stretch its hand as if to lay it upon my head. Then all my manhood deserted me. With a great groan, I shrank back, and fell upon the floor, my chair being lifted by unseen hands, and dashed down again, cracking in every joint.

Quickly reason came to my aid; and I rose and looked anxiously around. Whatever there had been there before, there were none in the room then, except those of mortal mold; and all was silence, except the storm that was still raging without I scraped open the embers, lit the candle, and looked at my watch. It was twelve o'clock. The young mother and the children were still huddled in a corner, and the old one rocking herself as she had never ceased to, so far as I was aware.

"Would the spirit return?"

Without intending to do so, I had spoken my thoughts aloud; and the grandmother answered, "Not to-night, I think. You had better go to sleep, sir."

Sleep! I would have sooner thought of sleeping in a madhouse, with all the denizens free to attack me at any moment. I knew it was in vain to ask questions—I had tried that before and failed; so I had nothing to do but sit and ponder on what I had seen. But I was not to be allowed to remain without sensations. Scarcely half an hour passed without the "manifestations" being renewed in some shape. Now it was the howling of a dog; now the slamming of shutters and doors; now shrieks and groans; and now the knocking upon the floor. No wonder that I was sick and nervous when morning came, and gladly escaped from the haunted house, leaving the inmates worn out with watching and fear, asleep upon the floor.

Somebody more familiar with spirits than I am must explain the matter. I cannot; but this I know, that if, in reality, it was the shade of a departed one, I trust never to see his power exercised again.

For many years the matter remained in my mind in just the same state it was when I fled from the tumble-down house on the moor. Then circumstances made me visit the vicinity again, and I heard that other travelers had been similarly affected, and the matter had at length undergone judicial investigation. The house had been searched, the floor taken up and two skeletons were found there; one apparently of an old man, and the other of a dog. Then it was remembered that an old miser, one Jones, had suddenly disappeared; that the occupant of the house had about that time paid off a mortgage upon it, and subsequently hanged himself.

This was sufficient to satisfy the gossips; and, if rumor be true, never after the bones of the murdered man had been decently buried, were the inhabitants disturbed by ghostly sights or sounds. To satisfy my curiosity, I rode by the house again; but it was unoccupied. The old woman I was informed, was dead; the younger one had fled, fearing she would be arrested as an accomplice, (as she, without doubt, was); and the children were wandering, imbecile and homeless, driven, an old lady told me, "by the spirits."

TIGHT BREECHES.—A female writer—not a "strong minded" one either—thus holds forth on a prevailing gentleman's fashion. Of course she knows whereof she speaks:

"The press has never been remiss in deprecating the follies of the female sex, on any occasion, in style of female apparel, but it is a noticeable fact that the popinjay style of breeches now in vogue, are more ridiculous than anything the women ever wore, is unnoticed. Female loveliness is such that it can make charming any extreme fashion; but what lengths of familiarity, pray heaven, can ever make tolerable, much less comely, the dexter appendages of a human crane, wound about with cloth so tightly as to stop the circulation?

The present style of pantaloons is neither comfortable, comely or economical. The swell that adopts it can neither stoop nor sit down without danger of an exposure of his person by ruptures caused by tension.

When you see these fashionables of the male persuasion in the street, we are reminded of the exhortation of the raw-boned, ill-formed preacher when illustrating the wonders of creation. Raising his long, skinny arms high above his head, he exclaimed, "God made this frame." A voice in the congregation replied, "The tools must have been mighty dull."

Here comes a six foot gallant with a number ten boot and a figure like a pair of tongs. There is not enough of his legs to make a shadow, and he walks as if each foot was a double bass viol. By his side, perhaps, is another devotee of the same style, half his length, whose make up reminds one of a plum pudding perched on the handle of a pair of pinchers. There they go, the extremes of folly and the essence of ludicrousness. Nothing a woman ever wore will compare in folly with tight-legged breeches on a bandy-legged human biped."

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION SETTLERS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
GEN'L LAND OFFICE, March 22, 1870.

Pursuant to instructions from the Secretary of the Interior, it is hereby ordered:

That settlers upon unsurveyed lands (including those within railroad limits settled upon prior to withdrawal) shall file their declaratory statements with the Register of the proper land office (or with the Surveyor General, where the plat has not been filed in the district office) within six months after survey in the field, and shall make proof and payment within twelve months from such filing, as required by act of June 2d 1862. Where parties have already filed for lands settled prior to survey, proof and payment must be made within twelve months from the first day June, 1870; at which date this notice will take effect. Settlers, prior to withdrawal on lands unsurveyed at date of settlement, within railroad limits, must file their declaratory statements within three months from the said first day of June next, and thereafter make proof and payment as required by law.

Full information will be furnished upon application at the respective United States District Land Offices. JOS. S. WILSON,
Commissioner.

INSTRUCTIONS RESPECTING RIGHTS OF PRE-EMPTION TO SETTLERS ON PUBLIC LANDS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
GEN'L LAND OFFICE, March 22, 1870.

To Registers and Receivers U. S. Land Offices, and Surveyors General of the United States:

WHEREAS, by Act of of Congress approved 27th March, 1854, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers on lands reserved for railroad purposes," "every settler on lands which have been or may be withdrawn from market in consequence of proposed railroads, and who had settled thereon prior to said withdrawal, shall be entitled to pre-emption at the ordinary minium to the lands settled on and cultivated by them; *Provided*, They shall prove up their rights according to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior."

And whereas the first section of the Act approved June 2, 1862 (12th Stat., 413), provides, "That all the lands belonging to the United States, to which the Indian title has been or shall be extinguished, shall be subject to the operations of the pre-emption act of the 4th of September, 1841, and under the conditions, restrictions and stipulations therein mentioned; *Provided, however*, That when unsurveyed lands are claimed by pre-emption, notice of the specific tracts claimed shall be filed within six months after the survey has been made in the field; and on failure to file such notice, or to pay for the tract claimed within twelve months from the filing of such notice, the parties claiming such lands shall forfeit all right thereto, provided said notice may be filed with the Surveyor General, and to be noted by him on the township plats, until other arrangements have been made by law for that purpose."

Therefore, in accordance with instructions from the Secretary of the Interior, it is ordered that all settlers on lands surveyed at date of settlement, and within the lateral limits of withdrawal for railroad purposes, where settlement was made prior to withdrawal, shall be required to file their declaratory statements within three months from the first day of June, 1870, and thereafter make proof and payment according to law. And in all cases, hereafter, settlers claiming pre-emption rights upon unsurveyed lands under the act of March 27, 1854, aforesaid, shall be required to file their declaratory statements, and make proof and payment in like manner as other pre-emptors, in conformity with the requirements of the pre-emption laws of 1841 and 1843.

2d. That settlers upon unsurveyed lands including those within the lateral limits of withdrawals for railroad purposes settled upon prior to withdrawal, will be required within six months after survey in the field (or, if surveyed before the publication of this circular, within six months from the first day of June, 1870, aforesaid) to file their declaratory statements with the Register of the proper land office, or with the Surveyor General, where the plat of survey has not been filed with such Register, and thereafter to make proof and payment for the track within twelve months from the date of filing, as required by the act of June 2, 1862, aforesaid. And where settlers on lands unsurveyed at date of settlement have already filed their declaratory statements with the Register of the proper land office, they will be required to make proof and payment within twelve months from the first day of June next, as aforesaid.

Settlers failing to comply with the requirements of this circular will be held to have forfeited their claims as pre-emptors under the law.

JOS. S. WILSON, Commissioner.

A GUINEA GOBBLER AT A STATE DINNER.—Mrs. Senator Revels, the wife of the distinguished "man and brother" who sits in the seat of Jefferson Davis in the Upper House at Washington, arrived in that city on Thursday, March 16, and was entertained next day at a State dinner party by Gen. Grant. General Butler, Gen. Shenck, Gen. Garfield, and other imbeciles of note, accompanied by their wives and daughters, were among the company. Mrs Revels passed from the drawing room to the dining room on the arm of Senator Sumner, and occupied a seat at the table between that gentleman and the President; Her conversation charmed the company even more than her appearance, although the refined and instinctive taste for which Guinea ladies are distinguished was sweetly apparent in the decoration of her person. A turban of mild scarlet, with yellow border; a crimson moire antique, with blue and green flounces, and buttons of dainty brass; red slippers with white rosettes; with a massive neklace of barbaric pearls; half dozen breast pins of curious workmanship; a few neat rings, and a gilt belt united to form a toilette in which purity and simplicity were exquisitely united.

Mrs. Revels partook freely of the Executive nourishment, and avowed her satisfaction over the cookery at almost every bite, with a frankness quite refreshing in the Saloons of the State. "See heah," she remarked, as she passed her plate for another cut of ham—"of all dem dishes, guv me de hog an' hominy—Golly! but dat's a sweet piece of bacon! Yah! Yah! It 'minds me of possum fat! Dese is good cookin's, Hiram." This last observation was, of course, addressed to the partner of her bosom. There was a general feeling that the "Court Circles" had received in this estimable matron a remarkable addition. On her departure at the close of the entertainment, General Grant, with his wonted urbanity, remarked that he "would like to see more of her;" to which Mrs. Revels repled, with uncommon tact: "Yah! Yah! Can't see no mo' of me dis time; but I'se gittin low-necked dresses. Dis yeah high one was made down Souf."—*Easton Argus.*

VIRGINIA is in debt $45,000,000. She is about as able to pay it as Boutwell is the national debt. New York owes nearly $40,000,000, and Pennsylvania $35,000,000—both can pay as easily as a Federal office holder can turn defaulter. The total debt of all the States is $250,000,000.

THE man who spent his time looking for mistakes in newspapers and sale bills for the purpose of telling the printer, we are glad to say has gone crazy. When last seen he was gazing at the moon and wondering where the green cheese came from that it was made out of.

THE first paper-mill in England was erected at Hertford, in the reign of Henry VII, by John Tate the younger. The first paper-mill in America was erected by William Rittenhouse, in 1690, at Roxborough, in Philadelphia county.

IN its early days, the *Alta California* once contained a paragraph which ran thus: "VVe have no vv in our type, as there is none in the Spanish alphabet. VVe have sent to to the Sandvvich Islands for this letter; until it arrives vve must use tvvo v's."

MRS. Partington was repoving Ike for his inordinate consumption of green apples: "Isaac, you eat more green apples than there is any necessary for," said the worthy dame.

"THE man who raised a cabbage head has done more than all the metaphysicians in the world," said a stump orator at a meeting. "Then your mother ought to have the premium," replied a wag.

A WISCONSIN farmer sues for a divorce on the ground that his wife can't chop as much wood as she boasted she could previous to marriage.

IT is positively stated by a Catholic journal that there is not a Catholic woman on earth in favor of woman suffrage.

QUEEN VICTORIA is about to issue her book on the early years of Prince Albert and will then tell about his married life.

STEREOTYPING in clay was suggested and imperfectly developed in 1820, by Brunel of England.

THE new motto in English sporting circles is: "May the best Englishman win!"

The Fresno Weekly Expositor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1870.

AGENTS:

The following gentleman are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the EXPOSITOR:

O. H. BLISS and S. H. HILL.....Kingston
JOHN BARTON.....Kings river
W. C. CALDWELL & S. R. COCKRILL..Centreville
A. KENNEDY.....Jones' Ferry
F. JENSEN.....Big Dry Creek
LEROY DENNIS.....BUCHANAN
J. M. SHANNON.....At Large

Parties desiring to subscribe for our paper may leave their names, and money, with either of the above gentlem n or they may forward the same to us per Express, at our expense.

PETERS & CO.

THE STONEWALL JACKSON MONUMENT. We take pleasure in laying before our citizens the following card proposing the erection of a monument over Stonewall Jackson's grave, and affording the admirers of that great soldier an opportunity to contribute to the object;

To the officers and soldiers of the Second corps of the Army of Northern Virginia; to all our comrades-in-arms, and to the friends of our chieftan, throughout the country:

It is generally known that soon after the death of General Jackson the Stonewall brigade, obtained from Mrs. Jackson, the privilege of erecting a monument over his remains.

The amount raised was lost in 1865, and the sad reverses in our Southern country have prevented the completion of their patriotic and loving purpose. Seven years have passed since our General fell, and we now ask you to unite with us in a suitable memorial of love and respect; one that more than all others meets with the cordial approbation of Mrs. Jackson.

Every State in the South was represented at different times in his army corps. Let organizations be at once formed in every vicinity, and the funds contributed be remitted to either of the undersigned, who will deposit them at the banking house of R. H. Maury & Co., Richmond, Virginia, until a sufficient amount is collected:

R. L. DABNEY,
Major and A. A. G., Hamden Sidney, Va.
HUNTER McGUIRE,
Medical Director and Surgeon, Richmond, Va.
WILLIAM ALLAN,
Lieutenant Colonel and Chief of Ordnance, Lexington, Va. JAMES P. SMITH,
Captain and A. D. C., Fredricksburg, Va.;
Surviving officers of the staff of General T. J. Jackson.

While we recognize that the war is over and that the issues therin involved are settled, rightly or wrongly; we hope we shall never fail to applaud heroism, and especially when it is unfortunate. All that the people cherished, and which Jackson, the peer of the "Iron Duke," struggled so long and so well for, was lost in that conflict. For five long years of profound peace they have suffered a martyrdom to principle more bitter than Poland or Italy; and it is impossible for them to look with other than tender reverence to that spot which contains the ashes of one of her noblest sons, and wish there to erect some memorial of his greatness. Many of that people have their homes in our fair county, who would no doubt be glad to contriubute their mite for that end. Mr. Harry Dixon, our worthy County Clerk, himself an ex-Confederate, will receive any contrinutions and forward them. We do not suppose our *noble* Government will attempt to thwart the work; at any rate we wish it God speed.

THE warm weather of the past few days, we fear, has been bad upon the farms; the rains were scant, and then coming, so early in the season, this excessive heat, drying up the face of the earth, scorching the grass, and transforming the bright green of the fields into sear and yellow. "But what can't be cured must be endured," so our farmers will have to content themselves with the yield, whatever it may be, and wait till another season and try again.

CASTOR BEANS.—We notice that in the vicinity of Marysville considerable attention is being paid to the raising of the castor bean. It is said to be the most profitable crop that can be planted. There is no place that we know of that the castor plant grows more thriftily than here, and we cannot see why the cultivating of them would not be profitable.

AHEAD.—Mr. A. Kennedy, at Jones' Ferry, has sent us twelve names with which to grace our subscrtption books. This is a greater number than has been furnished us by any other one person.—He will accept our most heartfelt thanks for his untiring efforts in our behalf.

HOT.—Monday has capped the climax thus far for heat. On that day the thermometer reached 103 in the shade in this town, and we learn that it bobbed up to 106 in the shade at Jones' Ferry.

THE river is said to be higher at present than the oldest inhabitant has ever seen it raised by the melting snows.

Kusukabe Taro, the Jap who has been studying at Rutger's College, N. J., died last week of consumption at the age of 21. He stood at the head of the senior scientific class, and was a Phi Beta Kappa. There were thirteen of his countrymen at his funeral.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

In his Inaugural, Governor English of Connecticut, says, in substance:

I recommend a Convention to revise the State Constitution in order to facilitate the operation of the Fifteenth Amendment, though I believe its claimed ratification in several of the States was accomplished by chicanery and force, and that is revolutionary in that commits to the General Goverament the absolute control of the right to vote in every State.

We do not know that the Governor is, but suppose him to be a lawyer. Whether so or not, this expression, legally, does him great credit. He recognizes that the law of the land, politic or not in its enactment, should be observed. This Amendment has gone through the form of *being installed* as a portion of that Constitution, which we all once recognized as the exponent of liberty and wisdom, and for the time being must obey its mandates. But how is it to be obeyed? By officers of the State, who were elected under, and sworn to obey the Constitution thereof, violating their oaths of office by recognizing a subsequent Amendment to the Federal Constitution as superior to the ones which they are particularly sworn to obey? The simple adoption of an Amendment to the Federal Constitution does not put it in operation; for if it conflicts with the Constitution and laws of any State it then becomes the duty of that State to alter or amend in conformity with the general law, but until such alterations or amendments are made, the officers elected have but one plain course to pursue. We regret to see that some officers of this State have not followed the fearless lead of our talented Attorney General, who advises county clerks not to register negroes until the State law is altered, in conformity with Governor English's idea, to suit this infamous amendment, and have seen proper to disregard a direct for an indirect duty. The wildest of the fanatic vampires who now sit in unholy judgment over the country have not until latterly themselves failed to recognize these principles. At the close of the war, the plea for reconstruction was that the States might alter their organic laws to suit the downward progress of things.—They went so far as to call, under military law, conventions of the several State Legislatures, after surrender, for that express purpose. We regard that those county clerks who have admitted negroes to registration have committed a grave error. And besides, as to its immediate bearings in this case, we deplore it as one of the evidences of the slavish tendencies of the time; a willingness to concede everything, all things to power; to yield at once; to take the yoke as though it were our proper gear—and manly, too.

Dickens says that "we hold our life on condition that to the last we struggle hard for it;" and if life be nothing without liberty, let us struggle hard, unceasingly, asking and giving no quarter, until that liberty be given us. If Congress with the Administration, backed by the army and protected by a bartered Supreme Court, is to rule unbridled and assume the powers of a supreme dictator, let us know it at once. Let such an amendment to the Constitution be the next blow to strike the last formal barrier to tyrants, placed there by our forefathers. Let us know the worst and knowing it, awake and meet it like men.

[For the EXPOSITOR.] No. 3.

Indian Wars and Treaty of Peace.

But now a dark cloud began to hover o'er the horizon. The influx and settlement of emigrants upon the lands of this section began to alarm the Indians, hitherto peaceful, but who now began to show the spirit of discontent and hostility toward the settlers. Winter had set in, and everything bore a peaceful aspect. Savage had left home; Christmas Day of 1850 came. The Indians assembled in large numbers upon that day and attacked Savage's Station, captured it, and killed those who had it in charge, and carried off the contents as spoil, or destroyed it in sacking the station. The electric machine was discovered, some of the Indians having seen it used, recognized the dreaded instrument; afraid to touch it with their hands they took iron crowbars and other such implements and completely destroyed it, beating it in their wrath and dread as long as they could find any portion of it remaining.

On New Year's day the Woodville settlement, on the Kah-we-ah, situated about ten miles above the present town of Visalia, in the four creeks country, was attacked and destroyed, the settlers massacred, two only escaping, one being severely wounded.

Then followed the ambushed massacres of the teamsters on Fine Gold Gulch and the attack upon the mining camps on Deadman's Gulch. That there was a preconcerted move among the Indian bands at the time is evident from the fact that on the same day the attack was made upon Woodville (Jan. 1st,) Awlsbury's store, situated near what is known as Convese's Ferry, was captured, plundered, and destroyed by fire; everything that was useful to them was carried away. The store contained a lot of salt pork, that quality of meat was not palatable to the Indians, it was all they left undestroyed. On the 7th or 8th day of January, thinking it possible to save the meat, four men undertook to pack it away. The Indians quietly permitted them to pack the animal with it, they then made a sudden dash upon the party, attacked and killed three of them, the other barely making good his escape. Another person, named Cassidy, while hunting a stray animal, was attacked and killed; his body, when found, had been horribly mutilated, his brains being beaten out upon a rock, near the river, just below the present town of Millerton.

Space will not permit me to give a sketch of the revolting murders and escapades that took place at this period, many of them are of too revolting a character to describe here.

Throughout the country the Indians were hostile everywhere. A call was made for volunteers to aid in repelling the attacks. Three companies were speedily formed under the respective commands of Captains Boling, Dill and Kirkendall. These companies traversed the country until April, 1851, chastising the Indians wherever opportunity offered; during service these companies obtained the pleasing *nom de plume* of the Petticoat and Duck-padded Rangers.

About the beginning of April, '51, three commissioners on behalf of the U. S. viz.: Redick McKee, George W. Barbour and O. M. Wozencraft, arrived with an escort of some fifty U. S. Dragoons, and established a military post on the south bank of the San Joaquin, calling it Fort Barbour, in honor of the name and worth of the estimable Commissioner. Its name was some time after changed, and the post of Fort Miller was erected upon its site. From here they issued a call to the chiefs and captains of the different bands, and runners were sent to all head men to meet them in council. Three tribes, comprising twenty different bands, met there on the 29th day of April, '51, and entered into a treaty of amity and friendship.

TAMPA.

MISCELLANY.

Little Henry Wolff, of Commerce, Mo., shot his little three year old sister, the other day, because she would not eat her supper.

Wm. H. Seward was waited on at Auburn, N. Y., by a delegation of citizens from Syracuse, yesterday, and made a speech of a purely local character.

Thurlow Weed's account of stagecoach traveling forty-six years ago, published in the *Galaxy*, is having a great run through the papers.

Mons. Sartony, one of the most celebrated cuisiniers of Paris, was found to be a woman. She has worn male clotLes for many years.

Frog hunting is becoming a profession with the youngsters around Memphis. From ten to fifteen dollars a day can be made at it by a skillful fisherman.

Des Moines is organizing a Sorosis.

McGilvery, from Maine, lost $40,000 in bonds and other securities, in a Boston store. The property was found by a clerk, who, after ascertaining the name of the owner, restored it to him, refusing all compensation for his honesty.

Horace Greeley has been invited to deliver the annual address at the Henry County (Iowa] Fair. He has written a reply but they can't read it.

An eminent German oculist has been offered $10,000 to come over the pond for a few days, and treat the optics of a wealthy New Yorker, but he "can't see it."

The case of Lieutenant Commander Henry B. Seeley, U. S. N., for abusing Patrick O'Brien, a seaman of the U. S. steamer Potomac, on trial at Dover, N. H., has resulted in a judgment for O'Brien, who is awarded $525 damages, without costs.

Mr. Bonner paid Mr. Greeley $25,000 for his "Recollections," the same as he paid Mr. Beecher for his "Norwood" story according to a recent correspondent.

Col. John B. Southmayd of Middleton, Conn., who died a few days since, was city sexton and undertaker for 55 years, during which time he buried over 12,000 persons, several thousand more than the entire population of the city.

An English paper politely calls Riel "a vulgar, bombastic ruffian, who sold his mother's only cow to buy himself a flashy uniform."

Mrs. Sedley Brown, the well-known actress, who was recently severely burned while upon the stage, is rapidly recovering.

Daniel McFarland, whose trial is now attracting such general attention, was a law student in the office of Peter C. Bacon, Esq., in Worcester, Mass., nineteen years ago, and was a man of steady habits and unusual ability.

At Tuscola, Ill., while Amos Corbett was placing a bane on the shafting of a running corn-sheller, he was caught in the cog-wheels and his body cut completely in two. He lived some twenty-five minutes after the occurrence, and calmly gave instructions about his affairs.

Dr. McMillan, of Martinsville, Ind., removed the right upper-jaw of a Mrs. Pelton, of that place. Other husbands are anxious to have the operation performed in their families.

A large number of German sparrows have been imported into the vineyards in the vicinity of Davenport, Iowa.

Prince Napoleon is at last practising economy. The illuminated clock in the Palais Royal, so useful to the "won't go home till morning" world, has the gas turned off exactly at midnight.

The women in France are almost without exception in favor of capital punishment.

NEWS ITEMS.

The rear walls of the Capitol building, Carson, Nev., have made their appearance above ground.

A Republican campaign paper will be started at Elko, Nev.

The Tuolumne City *News* fears the crops will be poor in Stanislaus county this year.

A man in at Austin, Nevada, is in jail for failure to find bail in the sum of $1,000, on a charge of burglary for breaking open a hen-house and stealing seven chickens.

Vallejo drinks 3,340 gallons of lager per week. This beverage is unknown in Millerton.

The Monterey jail is tenantless; the Fresno county jail hasn't had a prisoner in it for months.

Among the amusements at the Shingle Springs Festival on the 17th instant will be a foot race between a negro and a Chinaman. We shall look forward with considerable interest to this event as we suppose it will settle a vexed question; the white man having been distanced by these competitors, by the result of this contest we may be able to determine which is the superior race.

One hundred and three deposits, made in the Sacramento Savings Bank, April 30th, amounted in the aggregate to $55,393 25.

San Diego's fire engine consists of a wheelbarrow with a large hogshead of water mounted on it.

The Nevada *National* contradicts the report that the first crops of that vicinity had been damaged by the frosts.

Edward Barnes, a Mendicino typo, has received the appointment of Cadet in the Military Academy at West Point.

Sierra county has the names of nine negroes on its great register. Fresno county hasn't had hers disgraced yet.

Two Chinamen were drowned at Snake Bar, Sierra county, on the 25th ult.

Francis Garcia has been sent to the Insane Asylum from Sierra.

The heaviest wool shipment from San Luis Obispo this season amounted to 80 tons.

Philip Slichborn, Assistant Naval Contractor at Mare Island has been transferred to the Portsmouth, N. H., Navy Yard.

There was a full chime of bells erected in Sonoma prior to 1846.

The largest drove of sheep ever seen in Stockton—10,000—passed through Hunter street April 29th.

The Grass Valley Union has been enlarged and materially improved.

E. Williams, of You Bet, Nevada county, has sold his mining claims to Malloy & Co., for $55,000.

The buildings and enclosures comprising the Government property known as Fort Crook, in Shasta county, were recently sold at auction.

During the past week Trinity river has risen at the rate of six inches per day.

Two days' washing at Reno Flat, Trinity county paid ninety dollars.

Camilla Urso gave a successful concert at Vallejo on the 2d inst.

The grain crop of Solano will be below the average.

The citizens of South Vallejo propose to build a church.

The San Jose *Mercury* will only be published weekly hereafter.

Track-laying is lively on the California and Oregon Railroad.

A traveling female missionary started a prayer meeting in one of the public schools at Stockton last week.

An Antioch Chinaman wishing to purchase eggs, called for "chicken nuts."

San Joaquin county will have a light hay crop.

Alameda and Contra Costa counties are quarreling about county boundaries.

A huge wild cat, measuring five feet nine inches from points of fore and hind feet when stretched out, was killed on the Bidwell ranch, Butte county last week.

Stuckslager & Co. have struck a rich vein of decomposed sulpurets in their claim near Uniontown, El Dorado county.

Conrad Stager committed suicide at Placerville April 28th.

General Dix has consented to run for Alderman in New York.

Ida Lewis has turned seamstress.

Fitz John Porter is engaged in the coal business in New York.

It is reported that Patti's collection of jewelry is more extensive than that of the Empress Eugenie.

The Queen of Madagascar wants to marry an American clergyman.

Prof. Morse the telegraph inventor is now nearly eigety years old, and it is proposed to present him with a National testimonial.

President Polk bequeathed his residence after his wife's death, to Tennessee for an executive mansion, as it is quite near the capital. Mrs. Polk still lives and is a very genial old lady.

The Emperor Napoleon refused to see Pierre Bonaparte after he had returned from Tours to Paris.

James Fasy, the eminent Swiss statesman, though in his seventy-eighth year, proposes to establish a great financial establishment in Paris.

The late ex-Mayor William V. Brady, of New York, is said to have left an estate valued at one million five hundred thousand dollars.

General Geo. B. McClellan is about to take control of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company.

Moved by Gov. Alcorn's proclamation for a day of thanksgiving in Mississippi, a Democratic paper in that State quotes from the "Psalms" thus: "They that carried us away captive required of us mirth, saying, Sing us one of the songs of Zion."

Georgia fruit-growers are indignant that they have been buying young poplars for peach trees.

Lake Superior has been frozen all the way across this season.

Of the 140 members of the Mississippi Legislature, 67 are natives of the Southern States, 8 are natives of New York, and 10 of New England,

SUPERVISOR'S PROCEEDINGS.

State of California, County of Fresno, May Term Board of Supervisors, 1870.

MILLERTON, Monday, May 2d, 1870.

Board met pursuant to law. Present: J. G. Simpson, Chairman; John Barton, Supervisor, and Harry Dixon, Clerk; absent: Supervisor, H. C. Daulton.

Minutes of last day's proceedings read and approved.

On the petition of O. K. Kingsberry, et al, it is ordered: That Saml. J. Miller be appointed a Justice of the Peace in the 1st Township, and that certificate of this appointment do issue; and that he act on filing a bond in the sum of $1,000, and otherwise qualifying according to law.

On the petition of O. P. McKinley, et al, duly endorsed "Approved," by the Superintendent of Public Instruction—it is ordered: That a School District be established to be known as the "Panoche School District," with metes and bounds as in said petition set forth.

On the petition of O. H. Bliss. et al, for the alteration of a public road, it appearing that no plat and field notes, as required by law, had been filed with the report of Surveyor and viewers appointed, it is ordered: That the approval or rejection of said report be passed for the present.

The report, plat and field notes of an alteration of the public road at C. A. Yancy's Ranch filed, and it is ordered: That the new road, as in said report &c. designated, be declared the public highway to the width of 60 feet, and the old road is hereby declared vacated.

The reports to this date of Henry Morris, Esq., Road Master, Dist. No. 7; A. Bounds, Esq., Road Master Dist., No. 1; Geo. Green, Esq., Road Master Dist., No. 2; and Wm. J. Laurenson, Esq., Road Master District No. 3, being submitted and inspected, it is ordered: That they be allowed, and that the Clerk give, said Road Masters credit therefor on their accounts.

On the verbal application of Jos. Borden, Jr., approved in person by the Supt. of Public Instruction, it is ordered: That the Alabama School District be re-established with metes and bounds as specified in the original order of this Board establishing the same on the 4th of May, 1869.

The following bills are allowed and the Auditor ordered to draw warrants therefor payable out of their respective funds, to-wit:

H. Morris, 46 days' services as Road Master. Dist. No. 7 (Road Fund)...$184 00
W. J. Laurenson, 48 days' work as Road Mast. Dist. No. 3, (Road Fund)..$192 00
Geo. Green. 46 days' wk. Rd. Mast. Dist. No. 2 (Road Fund).....$184 00
A. Bounds, 42 days' wk. Rd. Master Dist. No. 1 (Road Fund).....$168 00

Ordered that this Board adjourn until 9 o'clock A. M., 3d inst.

J. G. SIMPSON, Chairman.
Attest: HARRY DIXON, Clerk.

MILLERTON, Tuesday, May 3d, 1870.—Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present. J. G. Simpson, Chairman; John Barton, Supervisor: Harry Dixon, Clerk. Absent, Supervisor, H. C. Daulton.

Minutes of last day's proceedings read and approved.

On the petition of James Borden, Jr. et al, it appearing that notices had been duly posted, it is ordered: That M. B. Lewis, Esq., as Surveyor, and John Cunningham and Jos. Borden, Jr., Esqrs., as viewers be appointed to survey and view a route for a road, from a point in the Arcola Settlement, to be selected by them, to M. B. Lewis' ranch, as specified in said petition; that certificates of such appointment do, upon filing by said petitioners of a bond for $250, conditioned according to law, issue; that said survey and view be commenced on or before the 18th inst., and that report thereof be filed within 30 days from this date.

Supervisor Daulton assumes his seat as member of the Board.

The Treasurer submitted his report for the quarter ending April 30th, 1870, and upon inspection it is ordered: That the same be approved.

Upon the verbal application of the Assessor, and in accordance with Sec. 18 of the "Act to Regulate Fees of office," &c., approved March 5th, 1870, it is ordered: That said Assessor be allowed one Deputy.

Upon the verbal application of the Sheriff, and in accordance with Sec. 9, of the "Act to Regulate Fees of Office," &c. approved March 5, 1870, it is ordered: That said Sheriff be, and is herby allowed the sum of $1,200 per annum as compensation as Jailor; and that the Auditor draw his warrant in favor of said Sheriff, for $200 of such compensation for the months of March and April, 1870

The County Clerk applied to the Board to decide under which section of the "Act to Regulate Fees of Office," &c., approved March 5. 1870, he should as said Clerk, Clerk of the Courts and Recorder, charge fees, to-wit: Sec. 4 or Sec. 6; and it appearing that fees are fixed for these several offices in this county in both of said sections, it is ordered: That this Board will allow bills for the fees specified in Section 4 of said act.

On the verbal application of the Supt. of Pub, Inst., it, being in accordance with Sec. 21, of the "Act to Regulate Fees of Office," &c., is ordered: That the compensation of said Supt. be fixed at $600 per annum.

It is ordered: That G. W. Sanderson be permitted to withdraw the report filed by the surveyor and viewers appointed under the petition of O. H. Bliss.

Board adjourned until 9 o'clock A. M., 4th inst. J. G. SIMPSON, Chairman.
ATTEST: HARRY DIXON, Clerk.

MILLERTON, Wednesday, May 4, 1870—Board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, full Board; minutes of last day's proceedings read and approved. Report of Road Master, Dist. No. 5, submitted and approved, and the Clerk ordered to credit the same upon his account.

It is ordered: That the Treasurer be and is hereby authorized and ordered to receive from the State Controller the warrant for and from the State Treasurer the amount of State School moneys due this county; and that he also receive the warrant of sain Controller for and from said Treasurer the amount of moneys due this county for State's portion of Auditor's compensation, according to Act of the Legislature at its last session.

Upon the verbal application of W. W. Hill Esq., Treasurer, it is ordered: That until the next term of this Board be given said Treasurer wherein to file his additional bond.

On petition Jos. Borden et al, it is ordered: That Thos. P. Devereux be appointed a Justice of the Peace for Township No. 1, that cerificate issue, and that he act on filing a bond for $1,000 with sureties, conditioned and approved according to law.

On petition of J. W. Pearson, it is ordered: That Dist. Att'y be authorized to give said Pearson credit for one of two payments for tax, 1869, made on certain of his lands.

The following bills were allowed and the Auditor ordered to draw warrants therefor, payable out of their respective Funds, to wit:

W. W. Stephenson, 38 d'ys Rd. M'r. Dist. No. 5, Road Fund	$152 00
Harry Dixon, services as Co. Cl'k, Recorder and Auditor, 2 months, County General Fund	135 00
Harry Dixon, cash expended for County Clerk's office	44 30
J. N. Walker, services as Sh'ff	80 85
S. B. Alison, conviction Ah Fi	15 00
T. W. Simpson, cash expended for Assessor's office	16 00
W. T. Rumble, services	38 85
H. C. Daulton, 2 days services as Sup'vr, 44 miles mileage	20 80
J. G. Simpson, 3 days services as Sup'vr, 20 miles mileage	22 00
John Barton, 3 days services as Sup'vr, 64 miles mileage	30 80
Wm. Faymonville, services Coms'r to Sacramento, and expressage	253 00
E. W. Willett, abstract lands, Visalia Land Office	100 00
W. F. Thomas, Sheriff case People v. Brewer & Sankey	48 00
Wm. Krug, constructing paper case for Clerk's office	85 00
A. H. Estell, abstract lands State Land Office	100 00
S. T. Nye, abstract lands Stockton Land Office	25 00
San Joaquin Valley *Argus*, printing Assessor's blanks, County General Fund	12 00
L. Leach, medical services to indigents, and cash expended for Co. Hospital. Indg't & Sick Fund	232 00
Froelich, Jensen & Co., mdse furnished Mrs. McCoy, an indigent, and County Hospital	64 17
S. W. Henry, board of Hunt, an indigent, and merchandise furnished County Hospital	56 98

Ordered: That no bills against the County will be acted on until and except they be duly subscribed and sworn to.

Ordered: That old election returns in the Co. Clerk's office be destroyed.

It appearing that the indices of the Recorder's office are defective, unreliable, and in many instances in an unsubstantial form, the Recorder is hereby authorized to procure suitable books and re-index deeds, mortgages, powers of attorney and covenants; for which he shall be allowed $250, and it is further ordered: That the Clerk of this Board be allowed $25 for making index of the minutes of the Board from the organization of the county to date.

Board resolved into a Board of Swamp Land Commissioners:—On the petition of John Barton the Swamp Land District therein prayed is established, and said petition ordered approved and recorded; Sup. Barton withdrawing from the Board.

Ordered: That Treasurer be authorized to deposit $5,000 Swamp Land moneys with S. R. Cockrill, Jesse Morrow, Richard Glenn and Thomas Fowler, taking their joint and several certificate therefor and like obligation for return thereof on 30 days notice.

Board resolved into a Board of Supervisors:—Whereupon it is ordered: That the Clerk of the Board cause a fair abstract of the proceedings thereof to be published in the Fresno EXPOSITOR, from time to time, together with the Auditor's and Treasurer's reports, rendered thereto.

Ordered: That this Board adjourn for the term. J. G. SIMPSON, Chairman.
Attest: HARRY DIXON, Clerk.
Certified to be a true abstract.
HARRY DIXON, Clerk.

ANOTHER FREAK OF NATURE.—Mr. C. A. Hart informs us of another freak of nature, of a similar character to the one chronicled last week in regard to the field of grain belonging to Mr. Wm. H. Hill. Mr. Hart says he planted potatoes this year on a piece or ground on which grain had never been sown, and that a crop of barley came up which has completely supplanted the potatoes. The barley is making such a splendid crop that he has concluded to harvest it and let the potates go.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON May 1.—The debate in the House yesterday on Judd's proposition to postpone the tariff bill was quite lively. In reply to the argument of Mr. Judd, that the consideration of the tariff bill was a mere waste of time, Mr. Shenck charged a preconcerted effort on the part of Judd and his friends to defeat all attempts of the Ways and Means Committee to reduce the taxes. When the vote was taken on the motion there were not enough in favor of it to demand a teller.

May 2.—In the Senate the bill to make up the deficiency in the land grant in aid of the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the C. P. R. to Portland, Oregon was passed.

Mr. Van Trump offered a resolution inquiring what the Government had to pay as interest on bonds of the Pacific Railroad companies, which the companies should have paid; also, the amount paid to the companies by the Government for transportation of troops and freight; and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to retain in the Treasury all moneys which may be due by the Government to such companies, as indemnity for interest paid by the Government on railroad bonds.

May 3.—In the House, a bill was introduced by Pain for the admission of Georgia to representation in Congress.

Mr. Jencks reported a bill to regulate the Civil Service of the United States. A discussion followed. Mr. Sargent moved an additional section forbidding members of Congress to solicit in any way from the President or any Head of a Department an appointment of any person to office, making this offense a misdemeanor punishable with a fine not exceeding $1,000.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Bills were passed in the Senate in aid of the construction of the Oregon Branch of the Pacific Railroad; authorizing the Minnesota Railroad to connect its line with the Northern Pacific.

The Fresno Weekly Expositor.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

There will be regular preaching once in each month at the following named places, Rev. J. H. Neal pastor:

First Sabbath at the Mississippi School House at 11 o'clock

Second Sabbath Scottsburg School House at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Third Sabbath at the Dry Creek School House at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Fourth Sabbath in the Court House, Millerton, at 11 o'clock.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

APPOINTMENTS.—We notice from the minutes of last term of the Board of Supervisors, published in this issue, that Thos. P. Devereux, Esq., of the Alabama Settlement, has been appointed one of the Justices of the Peace for Township No. 1. It is hoped Mr. Devereux will qualify, as a descendant of Judge Devereux of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, (the editor of Devereux's N. C. Reports,) and himself a lawyer, he will no doubt fill this office, once so sought after by the gentry of "merry old England, with efficiency and credit. Justices under our statutes have a very extended jurisdiction, especially in civil practice, and even where it is limited the rights they adjudge require as perfect a knowledge of the law as if they embraced larger sums. There should be one in every neighborhood, not only to suppress lawlessness, but for the convenience of the people in making acknowledgments, affidavits, etc. We notice also the appointment of Samuel J. Miller, Esq., as a Justice of the same Township, residing in Panoche Valley, who has qualified. The fact that the residents of that rapidly improving section of our county have sought such appointment is evidence that they desire proper advancement. We do not doubt Squire Miller will do them good service and mete out justice unalloyed.

POST OFFICES AND ROUTES WANTED.—A mail route from the New Idria mines via Panoche Valley, Firebaugh's Ferry, Arcola, and Millerton, with an office at Arcola, is badly needed, as the residents of that place are compelled to come to Millerton, twenty miles distant, to get their mail, and letters from this place to the New Idria mines and Panoche Valley have to go from here to Stockton, thence to Gilroy, then to the place of destination; or thus going a distance of nearly 500 miles to go about one hundred. The people of Buchanan are also badly in need of a Post Office, they, also, being compelled to come to Millerton, fifteen miles distant, for their mails, and this too in the face of the fact that the mail to this place passes through their town.

PANOCHE VALLEY.—From a gentleman, a resident of the above place, in this county, we learn that settlers are coming into that section quite rapidly. A year ago but a few families were living there, but at the last session of the Board of Supervisors a petition for a new school district, with upwards of fifty names upon it was presented—which prayer, by the way, was granted. A new Post Office has just been established there with Mr. R. Burr as Postmaster. Everything is reported in a flourishing condition Mails from this place to the Panoche Valley have to go via Gilroy.

NOTICE TO SERENADERS.—We would kindly inform those lute-voiced gentlemen who so generously trilled forth their joyous lays at the gentle hour of midnight on the 4th inst., beneath our chamber window, under the leadership of Mr. Crowder, that when they go forth again to "warble their delicious melodies when all nature is hushed in quiet sleep," that they need not call on us, as we exhausted our entire stock of old boots, botles, boot jacks, candlesticks, etc., the last time they called, in receiving them.

NOTHING LIKE IT.—McCarthy's saddles and harness are pronounced the best ever sold in this section, and so cheap, too; why, Stockton people could make money to come up here and buy of him. He has also added to his stock a large quantity of the finest kind of buckskin, which he will sell cheap for cash. Go and see him at his shop in Millerton.

ZEALOUSLY AT WORK.—From a gentleman lately from Kingston we learn that Mr. O. H. Bliss is zealously at work soliciting subscriptions for our paper. We feel under many obligations to Mr. Bliss, and trust that he may never need a favor, but that if he ever should we may be able to render it to him.

FELL DOWN A CELLAR.—A young gent of this town went out serenading a few nights since, and while busily engaged in gushing forth a sweet sonnet, accidentally made a misstep and fell down a cellar, thus causing a part of the song to be sang several octaves lower than the rest. There is no use talking, it is *sheerly* impossible to do such a thing without *pain*.

PROTRACTED MEETING.—A protracted meeting was commenced in the Dry Creek School house on Sunday before last, and has been kept up ever since, and we learn will continue through the present week. We have not learned the success of the meeting, but trust it has been good.

CAUGHT.—We learn that on Saturday, April 30th, the Indian, mention of whom was made in our last issue as having outraged a child, was caught at Hill's Ferry, on the San Joaquin river. He was taken back some three or four miles and hung to a tree.

A LITTLE BIT WARM.—On last Friday it was slightly warm in Millerton: the thermometer in Henry's Hotel marking 100 degrees at one o'clock in the afternoon, in the shade. Warm enough for May, it appears to us.

CRY.—The Indians encamped across the river from this place, had a big cry on last Wednesday night and Thursday. The occasion was the death of an old squaw, we believe.

Bishop Kingsley, before leaving on his recent Oriental tour, had his life insured for $40,000, with liberty to travel everywhere. He has left a wife, a son, and one married and three unmarried daughters.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

State of California, County of Fresno, Office of Treasurer Millerton. May 2, A. D 1870.

TO THE HON. THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:—I herewith submit you my quarterly report, showing the transactions of this office for the term ending April 30th, 1870, to wit:

STATE FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$3,530 21
To am't received since	784 92
Am't in Fund at date	$4,315 13

COUNTY GENERAL FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$10,815 79
To am't received since	739 40
Total receipts to date	$11,555 19
By warrants redeemed	$1,807 48
By court house & jail bonds redeemed	5,000 00
By Coupons as interest	61 10
	$6,868 58
Am't on hand at date	$4,686 61

ROAD FUND.

To cash on hand as per last report	$1,200 52
To cash received since	33 85
Total receipts to date	$1,234 37
By Warrants redeemed	988 00
To Cash on hand at date	$ 246 37

SCHOOL FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$6,490 49
To am't received since	102 50
Total receipts	$6 592 99
By am't warrants redeemed	1,700 00
To cash in fund at date	$4,892 99

INDIGENT SICK FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$984 26
To am't received since	8 58
Total receipts to date	$992 84
By warrants redeemed	111 00
To cash on hand at date	$881 84

COUNTY REDEMPTION FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$205 06
To am't received since	98 82
Total receipts to date	$303 88

SWAMP LAND FUND.

To am't on hand as per last report	$10,743 60
To am't received since	227 10
Total receipts to date	$10,970 70

ACCOUNT WITH STATE LAND OFFICE.

To am't on hand as per last report	$51 00
To am't received since	12 00
Total receipts to date	$63 00

RECAPITULATION.

Cash in State Fund	$4,315 13
" in Co. Gen'l Fund	4,688 61
" in Road Fund	246 37
" in School Fund	4,892 99
" in Indigent Sick Fund	881 84
" in County Redemption Fund	203 88
" in Swamp Land Fund	10,970 70
" in account with State Land Office	63 00
Grand Total	$26,360 52

WM. W. HILL, Treasurer.

Certified to be a correct copy.
[L. S.] HARRY DIXON, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

NEWS ITEMS.

The precise number of the genuine works of Raphael, owing to the cleverness of his pupils, will never be known. It is stated that 200 of the Holy Family alone exist, attributed to him.

An Indianapolis paper wants Hon. Geo. W. Julian sent to the United States Senate whenever the opportunity occurs.

Canada has discovered that the flat boats it has built for the Red River are useless for the purpose intended.

A Court at Greenfield, Conn., has granted a new hearing in the case of a man convicted of murder, on the ground that the jury sat up all night playing "old sledge," and decided the man's fate by that time honored game.

A candidate for office in Nashville has published a "card" six columns long.

The Mississippi Legislature consists of 74 white members and 31 negroes in the House, and 24 white to 4 negroes in the Senate.

Nearly $1,000,000 has been expended at Newport, R. I., since last August, by non-residents, and some very elegant and costly villas are being completed.

Sheridan Knowles left the theatrical world, and preached and wrote against Roman Catholicism. Oddly enough, his son, who was lately the editor of the London *Review*, is a Roman Catholic.

BORN.

On Big Dry Creek, May 6th the wife of James Kinaiary of a son.

In Millerton, May 4th, the wife of James Helm, of a daughter.

DIED.

On King's river at the ranch of J. J. Lindsay, April 27, JACOB RITTER, aged about 40 years

In Millerton, May 5th, 1870. MARY M., wife of JAMES HELM, aged 19 years and 5 months.

Alta and *Bulletin* please copy.

OBITUARY.

The subject of this notice, MARY M. HELM, only daughter of the late SAMUEL MCINTOSH, and consort of JAMES HELM, departed this life in Millerton, Fresno county, on the evening of the 5th of May, 1870, at the residence of MRS. CONVERSE. She was united in marriage to her now bereaved husband on the 25th day of May, 1869, and lived happily with him until her melancholy death. Her illness was brief, and in her last moments she was as calm as a Summer evening's sun. Her piety and amiability endeared her to all who were favored with her acquaintance; and while we deeply mourn her loss, we are comforted with the assurance that her happy spirit is in the realms of the blest: and that form, so much loved and admired in life, will sleep under the ground until God shall bid it rise, to be re-united with that spirit, and to enjoy the full fruition of the Love of God in immortality and eternal life.

Sister thou was't mild and lovely,
Gentle as a summer's breeze;
Pleasant as the air of evening,
When it floats among the trees.

Dearest sister thou has't left us,
Here thy loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God who hath bereft us;
He can still our sorrow heal.

G. B.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jose Maria Virgin, Deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the creditors of, and all persons holding claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned at his residence at the New Idria Mines, Fresno county, California.

FILOMENO y BARRO,
May 4th, 1870 1m Administrator.

DELINQUENT SWAMP AND SCHOOL LAND NOTICE.

DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SCHOOL LAND GRANT OF 16th AND 36th SECTIONS IN FRESNO COUNTY.

No. of Location.	Date of Approval	Names of Purchasers	Description of Land.	No. of Certificate	Interest Paid	Interest unpaid	total am't due
267	December 1st, 1868	M. J. McDonald	W ½ of Sec 36, T 14, S R 15 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1466	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
270	" " "	J. M. McDonald	E ½ of Sec 36, T 14, S R 15 E, Mt Diablo meridian	1455	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
281	" " "	Louis Visera	W ½ of Sec 16, T 13, S R 18 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1457	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
282	" " "	R. F. Kent	E ½ of Sec 16, T 13, S R 18 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1453	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
283	" " "	John Stark	E ½ of Sec 36, T 15, S R 17 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1465	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
284	" " "	August Hemme	W ½ of Sec 36, T 15, S R 17 E, Mt Diablo meridian	1452	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
294	" " "	Rufus Keyser	W ½ of Sec 16, T 13, S R 19 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1451	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
295	" " "	Edward T. Raun	E ½ of Sec 16, T 13, S R 19 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1458	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
298	" " "	M. S McDonald	W ½ of Sec 16, T 15, S R 18 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1450	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00
299	" " "	Chas. Stevens	E ½ of Sec 16, T 15, S R 18 E, Mt. Diablo meridian	1461	$2 66	$64 00	$64 00

DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SWAMP AND OVERFLOWED LAND IN FRESNO COUNTY.

74	December 8th, 1859	William H. Graves	W ½ Sec 11, T 18, S R 20 E, Mt. Diablo Meridian	304	$51 20	$179 20	$179 20
75	" " "	Geo. E. Childs	W ½ Sec 18, T 18, S R 20 E, Mt. D. M.	305	$51 20	$179 20	$179 20
90	January 24th, 1860	David Spangler	N ½ Sec 1, T 19, S R 19 E, Mt. D. M.	321	$51 20	$177 20	$177 20
265	April 14th, 1861	A. D. Marshall	S ½ Sec 26, T 17, S R 19 E, Mt. D M.	1489	$51 20	$145 06	$145 06
380	February 12th, 1867.	Gustave Herminghaus	N W ¼ of S W ¼ Sec 28, T 13, S R 16 E. Mt. D. M.	2450	$3 20	$9 07	$9 07
381	" " "	" "	N W ¼ of S W ¼ Sec 22, T 13, S R 16 E. Mt. D. M.	2451	$3 20	$9 07	$9 07
382	" " "	" "	S E ¼ of N W ¼ & S W ¼ of N E ¼ Sec 22 T 13 S R 16 E	2452	$6 40	$18 14	$18 14
383	" " "	" "	N E ¼ of N E ¼ Sec 12, T 13, S R 16 E	2453	$3 20	$9 07	$9 07
384	" " "	" "	S W ¼ of N W ¼ & N W ¼ of S W ¼ Sec 23 T 13 S R 16E	2454	$6 40	$18 14	$18 14
385	" " "	" "	S E ¼ of S W ¼ Sec 23, T 13, S R 16 E, Mt. D. M.	2455	$3 20	$9 07	$9 07

STATE LAND OFFICE, Sacramento, April 27th, 1870.

SEAL. I, JOHN W. BOST, Register of State Land Office, hereby certify the foregoing to be a correct list of lands upon which payments have not been made in conformity with law, in the County of Fresno, as appears from the records of this office. J. W. BOST, Register of State Land Office.

To District Attorney, Fresno county. By E. TWITCHELL, Deputy.

NOTICE Is hereby given that if the amounts due on the above described lands are not paid in fifty days from the date of this notice, I will commence suit to foreclose the interest of said purchasers in said lands. S. B. ALISON, District Attorney of Fresno County.

Millerton, May 4th, 1870.

ALLEN'S SALOON

AND LIQUOR HOUSE.

T. J. ALLEN.....PROPRIETOR

Millerton, Fresno County.

THE CHOICEST BRANDS OF

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
AND TOBACCO,

Always on hand.

Liquor Sold by the Bottle or Gallon.

BARBER SHOP!

MILLERTON,

☞ In the Rear

OF ALLEN'S SALOON!

BUTCHER SHOP!

JAMES THORNTON.....Prop'r.

IN McCRAY'S OLD HOTEL, MILLERTON.

The Proprietor begs leave to inform the people of Millerton and vicinity that he has opened a

BUTCHER SHOP

In the above mentioned place, where he will always have on hand the finest kind of

BEEF,
PORK
AND MUTTON.

☞ The Proprietor solicits a share of public patronage, hoping by attention to business and efforts to please to merit it. my1i-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the Justice's Court of Fresno county, State of California, in and for the Second Township; in the suit of the People of the State California against J. S. Smythe, on a judgment rendered in said Court on the 7th day of Feby. 1870, for the sum of one hundred and eleven ($111 85) 85-100 dollars and fifty ($50 58) 58-100 cost of suit, duly attested on the 2d day of May, 1870. I have levied upon the following described land and improvements, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land and improvements, known as Smythe's Ranch, situated on the Chowchilla, on the North bank of said river, about one mile above the old Newton Ranch, and about three miles below Buchanan, in the county of Fresno, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 4th day of June, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, in front of the Court House door in the town of Millerton, I will proceed to sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash in United States Gold coin, all the right, title and interest of said J. S. Smythe, in and to the above described property. J. N. WALKER, Sheriff.

Millerton, May 9th, 1870.

COUNTY BOARD OF EXAMINATION!!

There will be a meeting of the County Board of Examination at King's River (Centreville), on

THURSDAY, JULY 7th, 1870.

Applicants for County Certificates are requested to be present at the time. S. H. HILL, County Sup't. and ex-officio Chairman County Board of Examiners. td

NOTICE.

State of California, County of Fresno, Office of Auditor, Millerton, May 19, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Warrants now lie in this office, and if not called for payment will be barred by limitation, to wit:—On County General Fund:

No. 889—Nov. 7th, 1867, J. W. Johnson.....$8 00
No. 912—Nov. 8th, 1866, Thos. J. Darling.... 3 00
No. 93—Aug. 5th, 1868. Wm. Sutherland. ... 3 00

Notice is also given that NO WARRANTS WILL BE DELIVERED TO PARTIES OTHER THAN THE OWNERS THEREOF, WITHOUT A WRITTEN ORDER THEREFOR.

HARRY DIXON, Auditor.

NOTICE.

State of California, County of Fresno, Office of Recorder, Millerton, May 10, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that numerous instruments recorded during several years now remain unclaimed in this office. Parties owning said papers are hereby requested to come forward and receive the same.

HARRY DIXON, Recorder.

DELINQUENT TAX SUMMONS!

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY of Fresno: ss In the District Court of the 13th Judicial District of said State, in and for said County: Complaints having been filed and summons thereon having been issued out of the said Court in the name of people of the State of California, severally against the parcels of property situated in said State and County herein described, to recover taxes assessed thereon in the years and for the respective amounts following, namely:

Against Sections 15, 22 and 23 in T. 13, S. of R., 19 East—1869—for sixty-eight dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Against Sections 7, 8 and 18, in T. 15, S. of R, 19 East—1869—for sixty-eight dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Against Sections 5 and 6 in T. 15, S. of R., 19 East—1869—for forty-five dollars and ninety-two cents.

All owners and claimants of any right, title or interest, in sny of the property described above, are notified to appear in said Court at Millerton, in said County, within eight weeks of the date hereof, and answer the complaint so filed against such property, a judgment will be rendered against such property for the sale thereof, and for the relief prayed in such complaint.

SEAL. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court this, the 26th day of April, A. D. 1870.

ap27-td HARRY DIXON, Clerk.

Dyspepsia in the Pacific States.

Nowhere in the United States has dypepsia heretofore been more general, or marked with more distressing symptons, than in California. Luxury, high living and dissipation in the cities; hardship, privation, irregular habits, and the effects of malaria in the mining regions, have combined to render CHRONIC INDIGESTION one of the most terrible scourges of the Pacific States. It is a source of satisfaction, therefore, to be able to report the gradual and steady decline of the disease and its distressing concomitants on this side of the Continent. As this happy change began to be perceptible soon after HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS had attained the rank of a Standard Remedy in this region and as it has become more and more apparent, in proportion to the increasing sales of the GREAT VEGETABLE SPECIFIC, reason suggests that the bane has been ameliorated and checked by the operations of the GENERAL ELIXIR advertised as its ANTIDOTE. Unprejudiced physicians admit this to be the fact, and abandoning all the ordinary stimulants, as well as the astringent tinctures and mineral excitants of the pharmacopœia are now prescribing the BITTERS as *a cure for every form of indigestion*. The preparation possesses three great advantages over every other so-called stomachic. It is not merely a tonic, but combines the properties of an anti bilious medicine, a gentle luxative, and a blood-depurent, with those of a wholesome stimulant. It neither depletes nor excites; but strengthens, soothes, purifies and restores. No medicine ever introduced into the Pacific region has so entirely gained the confidence of every class of society, or approached in the extent of its sales HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Antiquity of BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Age is not claimed as a merit, only as a sign of intrinsic worth.

The really useful article lives on with a strong vitality; the poor one languishes for a time and then goes out easily.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are even prescribed by great physicians when the bowels call loudly for help, because they never fail to open and give relief.

Hundreds of thousands would consider it a calamity if these safe family Pills could not be obtained. It has been officially settled that more of BRANDRETH'S PILLS are sold than all other pills put together. Merit sells them.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS possess qualities which restore every organ and fiber of the body to health; are purely vegetable and safe for every period of life.

Principal office, Brandreth House, New York.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

B. BRANDRETH.

If you wish the best Cabinet Photographs, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco. 1y

EVERY READER of this paper would do well to send 50 cents to the "HOUSEHOLD MESSENGER, Louden Ridge, N. H." for a volume of the best Literary, Humorous and Progressive paper, at the price published. Six months on trial, for 25 cents. It pleases everybody.

YOUNG MEN,

WHY DON'T YOU GO TO WORK?

I can furnish a few live men in every county with steady employment, and pay a salary of $20 a week for six months. Business light and respectable. Suitable for an office or for traveling. I have no cheap, catch penny affair, but one of the most useful, ingenious and wonderful little machines ever invented. A GENUINE CURIOSITY. It won't cost you much to write to me, and I will send $1 00 to any one who is disatisfied with the investigation. Address, enclosing stamp, R. H. WALKER, 38 John Street, New York, (P. O. Box 3986.)

COURT HOUSE

EXCHANGE SALOON

J. B. Shirley, Proprietor.

THERE CAN BE HAD AT ALL times at the bar Choice

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Of all kinds, also

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

Of different brands, and at reasonable rates, for cash, as can be purchased in the State, of the same quality of article. This Saloon also has in connection with it one of Lisenfield's fine

BILLIARD TABLES,

In perfect order, where persons can indulge in the most popular game of modern times. Past favors are thankfully acknowledged, and I hope, by strict attention to business, to merit the same in future.

C. A. HART, S. B. ALISON.

HART & ALISON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW!

OFFICE,

At McCray's Old Hotel, Millerton,

FRESNO COUNTY.

Will promptly attend to any business intrusted to their care, in the Counties of Fresno, Tulare, Mariposa and Merced. ap27-tf

M. JACOB,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER

IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Visalia, Tulare Co.

SPECIAL TO CITIZENS OF CENTREVILLE AND VICINITY.

For the convenience of the citizens of Centreville and Dry Creek I have selected a choice stock of Merchandise consisting of

Clothing,
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Tinware,
Hardware,
Liquors,
AND BOOTS AND SHOES,

And in fact everything usually kept in a country store;

At Prices to Merit a Good Share of Patronage.

W. H. Blumberg, Esq., being in charge, will take pleasure in attending to the wants of customers. E. JACOB.

Centreville, May 4th, 1870. tf

SADDLERY & HARNESS!

D. B. McCARTHY,

Millerton, Fresno Co.,

MANUFACTURES AND KEEPS on hand a general assortment of

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

Together with a variety of articles in my line. Feeling confident that the farmers of Fresno have long been paying more for goods in Visalia and Stockton than they were really worth I append the following charges:

Mexican Saddles	$15 to 30
Best Concord Harness, Wheel	$45
Best Concord Harness, Lead	$30
Short Tug Harness, Wheel	$30
Short Tug Harness, Lead	$22 50
Chain & Hook Harness	$20 to 25

REPAIRING

Done well and promptly. I am prepared at short notice to do all work at a

SMALL PERCENTAGE

Above Stockton cost and freight. ap27 tf

PREMIUMS TO GETTERS UP OF CLUBS

—FOR THE—

FRESNO EXPOSITOR!

WISHING TO ATTAIN AS Large a circulation as possible immediately, we have been induced to offer the following premiums to getters up of Clubs:

Any one sending us FIFTY NAMES and $250 in Money, will be presented with a Splendid SEWING MACHINE of either of the following makes: Wheeler & Wilson, Florence, Grover & Baker, Weed's Elliptic Stitch, or Howe's,

Valued at.....$120 00

Any one sending us THIRTY NAMES and $150 in Money, will receive a machine of either make

Valued at.....$65 00

To any person sending us FORTY NAMES and $200 in Money, we will send one of either of the above make of machines

Valued at.....$85 00

Any one sending us TWENTY NAMES and $100 in Money, will be presented with an excellent Saddle, McCarthy's make,

Valued at.....$30

We feel that we can offer these premiums and make money by it, as we would be compelled to pay a canvasser if we sent one out, hence our liberal premiums. Any lady desiring a first class Sewing Machine will find this an excellent opportunity of getting one. PETERS & CO., Publishers.

WM. T. RUMBLE,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

Millerton, Cal.

S. W. HENRY'S

BLACKSMITHING AND WHEELWRIGHT ESTABLISHMENT,

Millerton, Fresno Co., California.

EVERY KIND OF BLACKSMITHing done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner.

☞ Particular attention paid to

HORSE-SHOEING.

GANG PLOUGHS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, etc., and everything necessary for farmers' use, manufactured with dispatch.

GASTON'S CELEBRATED

EXCELSIOR GRAIN SOWER!

Is also manufactured at this establishment. This machine can be worked in conjunction with Gang Ploughs, or separately on wheels, and is admitted by all who have seen it to be the best Sower now in use.

WHEELWRIGHTING.

Wagons and carriages made to order at low rates. All sorts of wagon repairing, etc., done. The best of material used and none but the most skillful workmen employed.

TO FARMERS!

I HAVE BOUGHT THE RIGHT for Fresno County to manufacture and sell Leggett's celebrated gates. The only patent gate that has stood the test of practical use, and found to be what it was represented. This gate can be opened at a distance of twenty feet, and closed again after passing through, without ever dismounting from your wagons. The opening apparatus being above the reach of stock there is no danger of its being opened by them. It is simple in construction, can be easily managed and understood, and is not likely to get out of repair.

The right to use it will be sold to any person for the low sum of $5 00, and gates manufactured for parties desiring them in the most substantial manner, at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

I intend erecting one of these gates in Millerton and farmers are requested to call and examine it before purchasing, and be convinced that it is

JUST WHAT IT IS REPRESENTED

OTTO FROELICH, Millerton. F. JENSEN, Big Dry Creek. G. O'HARA TAAFE, San Francisco.

FROELICH, JENSEN & CO.

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods;
Groceries,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Tinware,
Tobacco,
Crockery,
Stationery,
Drugs,
Hats,
Wines & Liquors

Gents' and Ladies' Boots and Shoes,

AND PATENT MEDICINES.

Beg to recommend to the public their stock of goods in

MILLERTON & BIG DRY CREEK.

☞ Thankful for patronage extended in the past we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. FROELICH, JENSEN & CO.

Millerton, April 22d, 1870. tf

NEW FERRY

ACROSS SAN JOAQUIN RIVER.

THE Millerton Ferry Company beg leave to inform the traveling public that their

NEW FERRY

Situated one-half mile below the town of Millerton, is now in complete running order. All the apparatus connected with said ferry being new, and the banks on either side being cut down to an easy grade, a safe, quick and easy crossing can at

ALL TIMES BE EFFECTED.

Excellent roads leading to the ferry have been constructed on the banks of the river.

WALKER, FAYMONVILLE & CO.

April 22nd, 1870. ap27-6m

HENRY'S HOTEL,

MILLERTON, CAL.

THE Proprietor of this Establishment announces that he is now prepared to accommodate the traveling public with the best of Board and Lodgings.

THE TABLE

Will always be supplied with the best the market affords, and the neat and airy rooms of this establishment will always be found clean and inviting.

☞ In connection with the Hotel is a

FIRST CLASS LIVERY STABLE.

L. E. CHICARD, L. DE BLAINVIELE, G. B. BLANCHARD

L. E. CHICARD & CO.,

Successors to S. Starbuck, Smith Whiting and J. Pache,

DRAYING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Starbuck's Building, Corner Commerce and Levee Sts.,

OPPOSITE THE STEAMBOAT LANDING.

Goods received from steamers and forwarded to all parts of the Southern Mines, at the lowest rates of freight.

GRAIN STORED at 37½ cents per ton per month, and liberal advances made thereon.

Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides and Sheep Skins.

ap27-3m L. E. CHICARD & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF S. S. HYDE, Deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administratrix of the above named estate, to the creditors of, and all persons holding claims against said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned at her residence at Upper King's River, Fresno county, Cal. E. JANE HYDE, Administratrix.

April 26, 1870. 1m

The Fresno Weekly Expositor.

GO FEEL WHAT I HAVE FELT.

A young lady of New York was in the habit of writing on the subject of temperance. Her writings were full of pathos, and evinced such deep emotion of soul that a friend accused her of being a maniac on the subject of intemperance; whereupon she wrote the following touching lines:

Go feel what I have felt,
Go bear what I have borne—
Sink 'neath a blow a father dealt,
And the cold world's proud scorn;
Then suffer on from year to year—
Thy sole relief the scorching tear.

Go kneel as I have knelt,
Implore, beseech, and pray—
Strive the besotted heart to melt,
The downward course to stay—
Be dashed with bitter curse aside
Your prayers burlesqued, your tears defied.

Go weep as I have wept
O'er a loved father's fall—
See every promised blessing swept—
Youth's sweetness turned to gall;
Life's fading flowers, strewed all the way
That brought me up to woman's day.

Go see what I have seen,
Behold the strong man bowed—
With gnashing teeth—lips bathed in blood—
And cold and livid brow;
Go catch his withering glance, and see
Mirrored there his soul's misery.

Go to thy mother's side
And her crushed bosom cheer:
Thine own deep anguish hide;
Wipe from her cheek the bitter tear:
Mark her worn frame and withered brow—
The gray that streaks her dark hair now,
With fading frame and trembling limb;
And trace the ruin back to him,
Whose plighted faith in early youth
Promised eternal love and truth,
But who, foresworn, hath yielded up
That promise to the cup:
And led her down through love and light,
All that made her promise bright—
And chained her there 'mid want and strife,
That lowly thing—a drunkard's wife—
And stamped on childhood's brow, so mild,
That withering blight—the drunkard's child.

Go hear, and feel, and see, and know,
All that my soul hath felt and known,—
Then look upon the wine cup's glow;
See if its beauty can atone—
Think of its flavor you will try,
When all proclaim, 'tis drink, and die!

Tell me I HATE the bowl?—
Hate is a feeble word!
I loathe—abhor—my very soul
With strong disgust is stirred—
When I hear, or see, or tell
Of that dark beverage of Hell.

HOUSE, FARM AND GARDEN.

NOVEL CHURNING.—A correspondent of the Joaquin Valley *Argus* gives the following new method of making butter at a ranch in Mendocino county:

While stopping at the farm I witnessed a most novel, and to me new method of making butter While giving directions how to do it, my hostess detected my thoughts in my face—seeing is believing. "Come, I will give you convincing proof," said she. I followed her to the milk room; I saw her place a quantity of cream in a thick linnen sack, then roll the sack in a large cloth, and place it in a hole which had been dug in the sand for the purpose. It was then covered up with sand and a board placed over it. The next morning when it was removed it came out as fine a roll of butter as I ever saw taken from a churn. It required but little working as the earth had absorbed nearly every particle of milk. It is now five days old as I write, and just as sweet and solid as butter can be.

OLIVES.—The Santa Barbara *Press* of April 16, has the following:

Olives make a fine growth in this county. In no case of which we have learned are they irrigated. On the fine hillside, a southeastern slope, laying in plain view of the town, on the north, is the young olive orchard of Fernald, Blanchard and Towle. Although so much exposed to the sun, none of the trees are irrigated. The plow does the work.—Results are gratifying. They have trees four years from the cuttings which are seven inches in circuference. They have also some five hundred bearing almond trees—next year they will have two thousand five hundred. They have likewise two hundred English walnut trees, and ten thousand vines of choice table grape varieties. All are doing well, and without irrigation.

CIDER CAKE.—Stir together one tea cup of butter and three of sugar; beat four eggs and put into the cake, together with two tea cups of flour and a grated nutmeg. Dissolve a tea spoonful of saleratus in a half a tea cup of milk, strain it and mix it with the above ingredients, then stir in a tea cup of cider and four more cups of flour sifted and bake.

DIMPLES.—Beat the white of three eggs very dry; add gradually ½lb sugar and beat till it is well mixed. Blanch almonds and cut them into pieces as small as peas, and stir them into the egg and sugar—½lb almonds for three eggs. Drop the mixture in spots as large as a half penny on white paper, upon a tin, and bake in a cool oven.

IRRIGATION of grass land receives too little attention. It may be the source of great profit, not the least of which is the production of rank crops of timothy and orchard grass, for using much earlier than they would otherwise grow.

MILCH COWS.—Feed new milch cows liberally, giving roots with bran or oil meal. Cows that have not calved should have less of like food.

TO CLEAN CARPETS.—Take a pail of cold water, add to it three gills of ox-gall. Rub it into the carpet with a soft brush. It will raise a lather, which must be washed off with clear cold water. Rub dry with a clean cloth.

CRUST IN KETTLES.—This is formed by every sort of water except rain water. A simple mode of prevention is to place a large marble in the kettle, which, by attracting the mineral particles in the water, will keep the inside free.

MEDICINE stains may be removed from silver spoons by rubbing them with a rag dipped in diluted sulphuric acid and washing with soapsuds.

HOOPER, the Mormon delegate to Congress, says that the reason our first parents did not practice polygamy was "that their marriage was exhaustive!" in other words, "that Adam married all the women in the world."

FOR THE CHILDREN.

THE GENIUS OF LITTLE THINGS.—Few men do great deeds. Many strive to emulate the few. No one finds all there is in life—few appreciate what they find. The pride and ambition of man mock at and despise the little common courtesies of life, which make beautiful and lovely the path we journey.

Great deeds are often clothed in moderate attire, and men overlook them in their vain search for something by which they may give their names to the world, illuminated by a blaze of glory. A trifling deed is often, in reality, the most truly great and noble.

The cup of cold water given to the poor wayfarer; the kind word of sympathy to the bereaved and desolate; the friendly remonstrance breathed in the ear of the erring; the little self-denials for the happiness of others, are more great and noble than the costly banquet, the polished address, the eloquent moral lecture, or the fleeting pleasures of self-gratification. The high places of this world are its low ones; its great things are its little things. Life is made up of them; and only those whose names are coupled with little things are truly great. The favored few who march in the ranks of genius, forget this, and as we all do slight the smaller demonstrations of love and goodness which beautify the human soul, and which, like the flowers and green grass by the wayside, make life less wearisome. To give a cup of cold water to the thirsty one is a blessed deed, and may be done with a grace that makes it great and beautiful. He, who with eye fixed upon the mountain top, as he shouts, "Excelsior," has no right to trample with his feet the life from the modest flowers, and as he presses for ward he may find a higher work to do, in carefully putting aside the thorns which lay in wait for some heedless child's unprotected feet.

The idea is false, that because one has mistaken himself to be on a more glorious mission, he cannot stoop to the thousand little amenities of everyday life needed to soften its roughness.

Children are capable of much good in the world. Let them be kind to each other, obedient to their parents, and respectful to their elders, and they will grow up to be good and useful men and women, and will do much good, which will redound to their greatness.

Let all try to make life beautiful, homes happy, and to emulate that principle which made Christ God,—then the world shall know them great and be holier from their example.

USEFULNESS.—The happiness of our lives depends much on the performance of the active duties of our station; nor have we any right to infer that, if they are not properly discharged, they would be better if we moved in a more exalted sphere. Usefulness is confined to no station; and it is astonishing how much good may be done, and what may be effected by limited means, united with benevolence of heart and activity of mind.

"Pa," said a lad to his father, "I have often read of people poor but honest; why don't they some time say rich but honest?"

"Tut, tut, my son, nobody would believe them," answered the father.

THERE are two cheerful incidents connected with the seating of the Mississippi Senators. First, Ames' credentials which read thus: "I, Adelbert Ames, Brevet Major General, United States Army, Provisional Governor of the State of Mississippi, do hereby certify that Adelbert Ames was elected United States Senator by the Legislature of this State, on the 10th day of January, 1870." And the second little joke is that Sumner and some of that kidney were very anxious that the negro lately brought into the Senate should have the exact place formerly occupied by Mr. Davis, and accordingly waited on Mr. Ross, who occupies that seat with a request that he should vacate. "And do you want this seat," said Mr. R., as reported, in substance, "for the negro you have brought in?" "Yes," (this in a phrenetic tone from Sumner, with a deep gurgle about ekal rights, gelory, etc). "Then I'll see you and the negro d—d first," quoth Ross; whereby the gelory of the occasion came to naught. —*World.*

A CHICAGO paper, after remarking that although it has been said the proper distinctive appelation to apply to women is the "weaker" sex, perhaps fickleness would have been a better word, tells the story of a blooming widow in that city who plighted her troth to five lovers and married only one of them.

COMPLIMENTARY.—An Irish gentleman, well known in sporting circles for his wit, was accosted by a friend with: "Upon my word, B——, you are riding a good horse." "And why should I not ride a good horse?" "Well, will he jump timber?" rejoined his friend. "Timber! Faith, he'll leap over your head!" replied the other.

THE BRUTE!—A miserable old bachelor who wouldn't even marry a breach of promise suit, says that it is calculated that one female crying hard all night with a broken heart will weep just one teaspoonful of salt and rain water.

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(It is not to be understood that the following table is the time to make the garments, but to do the stitching only.)

	By Machine. Hours.	Min.	By Hand. Hours.	Min.
Gentleman's Fine Shirt	1	16	15	26
Fine Coat	2	38	15	35
Silk Vest	1	14	7	19
Cloth Trowsers	0	51	5	10
Silk Dress	1	13	8	27
Merino Dress	1	4	8	27
Calico Dress	0	57	6	37
Chemise	1	10	10	31
Night Dress	1	7	10	2
Muslin Skirt	0	30	7	10
Muslin Skirt, 15 tucks	2	30	22	10
Infant's Plain Robe	0	35	8	5
Infant's robe 50 plaits	7	35	41	50
Plain Drawers	0	35	4	16
Quilting Silk Skirt	11	30	50	20
Stitching 12 linen collars	0	43	10	5
Stitching 12 linen cuffs	0	40	10	15
Stitching 12 shirt fronts	1	20	23	20
Hemming 12 hank'chiefs	0	45	8	10
Boy's Pants	0	49	2	60
Boy's Vest	0	35	2	50
Boy's Coat	1	15	7	20

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